|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **#** | **Where Did the Industrial Revolution Begin, and How Did it Diffuse? p. 405-411** |
| **1** | **Nike, headquartered in Oregon, employs 20,000 people in that state. What percentage are employed in shoe manufacture/assembly in Oregon today?**  **Answer:** |
| **2** | **In 1925, in one area in Boston, they had a sales office for how many shoe factories?**  **Answer:** |
| **3** | **At the beginning of the 18th century (1700s), most British textiles were manufactured where?**  **Answer:** |
| **4** | **By 1721, why were British textile makers rioting?**  **Answer:** |
| **5** | **What was the source of the first power used during the beginning of the Industrial Revolution in England?**  **Answer:** |
| **6** | **Burning coal in a near vacuum produced a much hotter burning, pure carbon fuel called,**  **Answer:** |
| **7V** | **Mixing iron ore with limestone and water and smelting it with coke enabled iron workers to pour melted iron ore into molds, yielding…**  **Answer:** |
| **8** | **What year was the first railroad in Manchester connected to the port in Liverpool?**  **Answer:** |
| **9** | **England not only held a monopoly over products that were in world demand at the beginning of the Industrial Revolution, but also a monopoly on \_\_\_\_\_\_.**  **Answer:** |
| **10** | **In Britain, the proximity of what three things gave an unsurpassed advantage to the development of early industry?**  **1.**  **2.**  **3.** |
| **11** | **What river connects the Ruhr industrial area to its coastal ports?**  **Answer:** |
| **12** | **The establishment of what form of transportation led to the relocation of industry to cities like Paris and London?**  **Answer:** |
| **13** | **By 1950 what were the 5 primary industrial regions in the world?**  **1.**  **2.**  **3.**  **4.**  **5.** |
| **14** | **Which of the four classifications of economic activity MUST locate where the resources are found? (i.e primary, secondary, tertiary, quaternary)**  **Answer:** |
| **15** | **What was the major source of energy for industries developing along the Great Lakes area?**  **Answer:** |
|  | **How have the Character and Geography of Industrial Production Changed? p. 411-4-26** |
| **16V** | **What was the dominant mode of mass production from 1945-1970?**  **Answer:** |
| **17V** | **Explain vertical integration in relation to production at Ford’s River Rouge car plant in Dearborn, Michigan.**  **Answer:** |
| **18V** | **What is “friction of distance?”**  **Answer:** |
| **19** | **Who is the person credited with pioneering the field of industrial location theory?**  **Answer:** |
| **20** | **When Alfred Weber published his book *Theory of Location of Industries in 1909,* what did he select as the critical determinant of regional industrial location?**  **Answer:** |
| **21V** | **What is Weber’s theory called?**  **Answer:** |
| **22** | **What are the three categories of cost in the least cost theory?**  **1.**  **2.**  **3.** |
| **23** | **How does transportation cost play out in Weber’s theory?**  **Answer:** |
| **24** | **How does cost of labor factor in when selecting a site for industry?**  **Answer:** |
| **25V** | **What is the advantage of Weber’s theory of agglomeration of industries?**  **Answer:** |
| **26V** | **What is the “*post-Fordist model*?”**  **Answer:** |
| **27V** | **What is the term that is used to describe the production system of this “*post-Fordist model?”***  **Answer:** |
| **28** | **Changes in the production of a good over time take place as part of a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.**  **Answer:** |
| **29** | **What are the three key elements in the production of televisions today?**  **1.**  **2.**  **3.** |
| **30** | **What were the three reason that Japanese television producers moved a number of their off-shore production sites to Europe and the USA in the 1980s?**  ***1.***  ***2.***  ***3.*** |
| **31V** | **How does the global division of labor currently occur?**  **Answer:** |
| **32** | **How are the concepts of “time-space compression” and “just-in-time delivery” related?**  **Answer:** |
| **33** | **Explain the meaning of outsourced or moved offshore and why it is seen as beneficial to a company? *(from your text-not the internet).***  **Answer:** |
| **34V** | **Define “intermodal connections and why is there an emphasis on improving it?” *(from your text-not the internet)***  **Definition:**  **Why?** |
| **35** | **What do these acronyms stand for?**  **NAFTA:**  **EU:**  **WTO:** |
| **36** | **How does the WTO promote freer trade?**  **Answer:** |
| **37** | **What unique system of transport made it possible to move the current amounts of goods and resources in the global system?**  **Answer:** |
| **38** | **What is the percentage of goods entering European Union that pass through Rotterdam and Amsterdam in the Netherlands? A**  **Answer:** |
| **39** | **Your text mentions one country that is almost totally dependent on oil from distant sources. What country is that?**  **Answer:** |
| **40** | **What country does your text mention that leads the world in demand and consumption of oil and natural gas?**  **Answer:** |
| **41V** | **How does your textbook describe the process of deindustrialization?**  **Answer:** |
| **42V** | **Describe who and explain what are the 4 Asian Tigers?**  **Who?**  **Explanation:** |
| **43V** | **Explain the meaning of the term “break of bulk point.” *(from your text-not the internet).***  **Answer:** |
| **44** | **What country aided China’s industrial growth from 1940 to the early 1960s?**  **Answer:** |
| **45** | **What district in China was known as the industrial heartland of China and why?**  **Answer:**  **Why?** |
| **46** | **What city can be called “China’s Pittsburgh” and why?**  **City:**  **Why?** |
| **47** | **What is the second largest industrial region in China?**  **Answer:** |
| **48** | **Why is China’s northeast district considered a ‘rust belt” today?**  **Answer:** |
| **49V** | **Explain the acronym “BRICS” and why are some countries called BRICS?**  **Answer:**  **Answer:** |
|  | **How Have Deindustrialization and the Rise of Service Industries Altered Global Economic Activity?**  **p. 426-432** |
| **50V** | **People working in the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ sector of economic activity tend to have high levels of specialized knowledge or technical skills?**  **Answer:** |
| **51V** | **Define the types of economic activities typically associated with the quinary sector? *(from your text-not the internet).***  **Answer:** |
| **52V** | **Describe the location and meaning of the term “Sun Belt.” *(from your text-not the internet).***  **Location:**  **Meaning:** |
| **53** | **What do Milwaukee, Chicago, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Dayton, Detroit, Toledo, Dayton, Cleveland, Buffalo, Pittsburg, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New Haven, Hartford, Boston all have in common according to the Figure 12.17?**  **Answer:** |
| **54V** | **Silicon Valley has become a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ because of the concentration of high tech businesses has spurred economic development in the surrounding area.**  **Answer:** |
| **55V** | **Define a “technopole.” *(from your text-not the internet).***  **Definition:** |
| **56** | **Why is Route 128 outside of Boston called a technopole?**  **Answer:** |